

Amendments to the Claims:

1-52 (Canceled)

53. (Currently Amended) A method of conserving battery energy used in transmitting signals carrying data from a downhole location, using a transmission system where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the method comprising the steps of:

transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data;

selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal; [[and]]

representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal,

determining the data size of the predetermined set of data;

determining the transmission characteristics of the channel over which the data is to be transmitted; and

selecting at least one of:

1) the number of signals to send during the predetermined period;

2) the duration of each signal;

3) the power of each signal; and

4) the quantization of the predetermined period,

so as to allow transmission of the required data during the predetermined period whilst minimising the battery energy used.

54. (Canceled)

55. (Currently Amended) ~~A method according to claim 53 in which~~ A method of conserving battery energy used in transmitting signals carrying data from a downhole location, using a transmission system where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a

predetermined period, the method comprising the steps of:

transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data;

selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal; and

representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal,

wherein there is a plurality of sets of data, each of which is to be sent once during the same predetermined period, the method comprising the step of using signals having different frequency characteristics to carry respective sets of data such that the signals are distinguishable from one another.

56. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 53 in which the transmission system is such that a set of data is to be transmitted once during each of a plurality of successive predetermined periods.

57. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 56 wherein said predetermined periods are contiguous.

58. (Currently Amended) A method ~~according to claim 53~~ of conserving battery energy used in transmitting signals carrying data from a downhole location, using a transmission system where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the method comprising the steps of:

transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data;

selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal; and

representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal,

wherein the transmission system is such that a set of data is to be transmitted once during each of a plurality of successive predetermined periods, and the method comprises the steps of transmitting a first, reference, signal within each predetermined period and transmitting at least one further signal, as a data signal, at a selectable time relative to the reference signal within

each predetermined period, and

wherein there is one data signal in each predetermined period and the method includes the steps of:

considering the time period between the data signal of one predetermined period and the reference signal of the same period together with the time period between the data signal of that predetermined period and the reference signal of an adjacent period and;

using a ratio of these two time periods to give a value representing at least some of the data to be transmitted,

wherein there is one data signal in each predetermined period and the method includes the steps of:

considering the time period between the data signal of one predetermined period and the reference signal of the same period together with the time period between the data signal of that predetermined period and the reference signal of an adjacent period and;

using a ratio of these two time periods to give a value representing at least some of the data to be transmitted.

59. (Currently amended) A method ~~according to claim 58 in which~~ of conserving battery energy used in transmitting signals carrying data from a downhole location, using a transmission system where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the method comprising the steps of:

transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data;

selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal; and

representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal,

wherein the transmission system is such that a set of data is to be transmitted once during each of a plurality of successive predetermined periods, and the method comprises the steps of transmitting a first, reference, signal within each predetermined period and transmitting at least one further signal, as a data signal, at a selectable time relative to the reference signal within each predetermined period,

wherein there is one data signal in each predetermined period and the method includes the steps of:

considering the time period between the data signal of one predetermined period and the reference signal of the same period together with the time period between the data signal of that predetermined period and the reference signal of an adjacent period; and

using a ratio of these two time periods to give a value representing at least some of the data to be transmitted, and

wherein the reference signal is sent at a preset time in each period.

60. (Canceled)

61. (Currently amended) A method of conserving battery energy used in transmitting signals carrying data from a downhole location, using a transmission system where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the method comprising the steps of:

transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data;

selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal; and

representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal.

wherein the transmission system is such that a set of data is to be transmitted once during each of a plurality of successive predetermined periods, and the method comprises the steps of transmitting a first, reference, signal within each predetermined period and transmitting at least one further signal, as a data signal, at a selectable time relative to the reference signal within each predetermined period.

wherein there is one data signal in each predetermined period and the method includes the steps of:

considering the time period between the data signal of one predetermined period and the reference signal of the same period together with the time period between the data signal of that predetermined period and the reference signal of an adjacent period and;

using a ratio of these two time periods to give a value representing at least some of the data to be transmitted, and

wherein ~~according to claim 60 where~~ there are a plurality of data signals in each time period, and the method comprises the step of using a plurality of ratios to encode data.

62. (Currently Amended) A method ~~according to claim 58 in which~~ of conserving battery energy used in transmitting signals carrying data from a downhole location, using a transmission system where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the method comprising the steps of:

transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data;

selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal; and

representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal,

wherein the transmission system is such that a set of data is to be transmitted once during each of a plurality of successive predetermined periods, and the method comprises the steps of transmitting a first, reference, signal within each predetermined period and transmitting at least one further signal, as a data signal, at a selectable time relative to the reference signal within each predetermined period,

wherein there is one data signal in each predetermined period and the method includes the steps of:

considering the time period between the data signal of one predetermined period and the reference signal of the same period together with the time period between the data signal of that predetermined period and the reference signal of an adjacent period and;

using a ratio of these two time periods to give a value representing at least some of the data to be transmitted, and

wherein the reference signals are made distinguishable from the data signals.

63. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 53 in which the data is represented digitally and the predetermined period is quantized appropriately such that different timings

represent different digital values.

64. (Currently amended) A method ~~according to claim 53 of conserving battery energy used in transmitting signals carrying data from a downhole location, using a transmission system~~ where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the method comprising the steps of:

transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data;  
selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal; and  
representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of  
transmission of said at least one signal.

wherein a clock is provided at the transmitting location and a clock is provided at the receiving location respectively for use in encoding and decoding data and the method comprises the step of transmitting a periodic reference signal and using this to calibrate the clocks one against the other.

65. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 53 wherein, a plurality of data signals are transmitted during said predetermined period; each data signal has an associated frame within said predetermined period and during which the respective data signal may be sent, the time of transmission of the data signal within that frame representing at least some of the data to be transmitted; and the respective associated frame of at least one of the data signals overlaps in time, at least in part, with the respective associated frame of another of the data signals.

66. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 65 in which the frames are such that the respective frame associated with each data signal overlaps in time, at least in part, with the respective associated frames of each of the other data signals.

67. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 65 in which the predetermined period comprises a data signal period which can be occupied by frames of data signals, this data signal period is divided into equal length time slots, which are of equal length to time slots in the

frames and the number of equal length time slots in the data signal period equals the sum of the number of data signals to be sent during the predetermined period and the number of equal length timeslots in each frame.

68. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 65 in which at least one frame is discontinuous in time.

69. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 65 comprising the further steps of:  
splitting the set of data to be sent into data subsets;

transmitting a respective data signal at a selected time within a respective frame in representation of each data subset, wherein the respective frames overlap such that the order of sending of the signals does not provide a positive indication of the data subset to which each signal relates; and

transmitting an auxiliary indicator which enables determination of the data subset to which each signal relates.

70. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 69 in which the step of transmitting an auxiliary indicator comprises the step of transmitting at least one decommutation signal which indicates the order in which the signals relating to the data subsets are being sent.

71. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 53 in which there is a common frame within the predetermined period associated with a plurality of data signals and within which the plurality of data signals are distributed in time.

72. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 65 in which there is a common frame within the predetermined period associated with a plurality of data signals and within which the plurality of data signals are distributed in time.

73. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 71 where there is a single common frame which substantially fills the whole predetermined period.

74. (Currently amended) A method ~~according to claim 53 comprising the step of conserving battery energy used in transmitting signals carrying data from a downhole location, using a transmission system where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the method comprising the steps of:~~

transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data;

selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal;

representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal; and

using a look up table in encoding the data to be sent, the look up table comprising entries in a form where specific data sets which can be transmitted are associated with unique signal arrangements,

wherein the look up table is populated in a way such that where X specific data sets are to be represented the X unique signal arrangements are chosen such that each includes the respective minimum possible number of individual signal pulses.

75. (Canceled)

76. (Canceled)

77. (Currently amended) A method ~~according to claim 53 which of conserving battery energy used in transmitting signals carrying data from a downhole location, using a transmission system where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the method comprising the steps of:~~

transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data;

selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal; and

representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of



transmission of said at least one signal,

wherein the method is used to conserve battery energy used by a downhole device in sending data items from a set of predetermined data items during a predetermined period, with a signalling regime comprising a modulation scheme where a data transmission period is divided into equal length time slots and there is a plurality of unique signal arrangements, each of which arrangements is associated with a respective one of the data items and wherein each unique signal arrangement has an associated pattern of pulses distributed in the time slots and the unique signal arrangements are selected so as to one of control and minimize, across the whole group of associated pulses, the mean number of pulses per associated pattern of pulses;

the method comprising the further step of determining the shortest pulse period supported by the transmission channel to achieve the required signal to noise ratio and defining the time slots so as to have a length substantially equal to the determined shortest pulse period.

78. (Canceled)

79. (Currently amended) A method ~~according to claim 77~~ of conserving battery energy used in transmitting signals carrying data from a downhole location, using a transmission system where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the method comprising the steps of:

transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data;  
selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal; and  
representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal,

wherein the method is used to conserve battery energy used by a downhole device in sending data items from a set of predetermined data items during a predetermined period, with a signalling regime comprising a modulation scheme where a data transmission period is divided into equal length time slots and there is a plurality of unique signal arrangements, each of which arrangements is associated with a respective one of the data items and wherein each unique signal arrangement has an associated pattern of pulses distributed in the time slots and the unique

signal arrangements are selected so as to one of control and minimize, across the whole group of associated pulses, the mean number of pulses per associated pattern of pulses, and

wherein the data transmission period is chosen to occupy substantially the whole of the predetermined period.

80. (Currently amended) Downhole data transmission apparatus using battery energy for transmitting signals carrying data in a regime where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the apparatus being arranged to conserve battery energy and comprising:

a transmitter arranged for transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data, [[and]]

a controller for selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal and arranged for representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal, and

a computer arranged under the control of software to carry out the steps of:

a) obtaining information regarding the data size of a predetermined set of data to be sent over a channel during a predetermined period, which set of data is to be sent using the steps of transmitting at least one signal during said period, selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal, and representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal;

b) obtaining information regarding the transmission characteristics of the channel over which the data is to be transmitted; and

c) selecting at least one of:

1) the number of signals to send during the predetermined period;

2) the duration of each signal;

3) the power of each signal; and

4) the quantization of the predetermined period,

so as to allow transmission of the required data during the predetermined period whilst minimising the battery energy used.

81. (Canceled)

82. (Canceled)

83. (Currently amended) Downhole data transmission apparatus using battery energy for transmitting signals carrying data in a regime where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the apparatus being arranged to conserve battery energy and comprising:

a transmitter arranged for transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data, and

a controller for selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal and arranged for representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal.

~~Apparatus according to claim 80 which wherein the apparatus~~ is arranged to transmit a plurality of sets of data once during the same predetermined period and to use different frequency characteristics to carry respective sets of data such that the signals are distinguishable from one another.

84. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 80 which is arranged to transmit a set of data once during each of a plurality of successive predetermined periods.

85. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 84 in which said predetermined periods are contiguous.

86. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 80 arranged to transmit a plurality of data signals during said predetermined period, wherein each data signal has an associated frame within said predetermined period and during which the respective data signal may be sent, the time of transmission of the data signal within that frame representing at least some of the data

to be transmitted; and the respective associated frame of at least one of the data signals overlaps in time, at least in part, with the respective associated frame of another of the data signals.

87. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 86 in which the frames are such that the respective frame associated with each data signal overlaps in time, at least in part, with the respective associated frames of each of the other data signals.

88. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 86 in which the predetermined period comprises a data signal period which can be occupied by frames of data signals, this data signal period is divided into equal length time slots, which are of equal length to the time slots in the frames and the number of equal length time slots in the data signal period equals the sum of the number of data signals to be sent during the predetermined period and the number of equal length timeslots in each frame.

89. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 86 in which at least one frame is discontinuous in time.

90. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 86 in which the apparatus is arranged to:

- split the set of data to be sent into data subsets;

- transmit a respective data signal at a selected time within a respective frame in representation of each data subset, wherein the respective frames overlap such that the order of sending of the signals does not provide a positive indication of the data subset to which each signal relates; and

- transmit an auxiliary indicator which enables determination of the data subset to which each signal relates.

91. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 90 in which the auxiliary indicator comprises at least one decommutation signal which indicates the order in which the signals

relating to the data subsets are being sent.

92. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 80 in which there is a common frame within the predetermined period associated with a plurality of data signals and within which the plurality of data signals are distributed in time.

93. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 86 in which there is a common frame within the predetermined period associated with a plurality of data signals and within which the plurality of data signals are distributed in time.

94. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 92 where there is a single common frame which substantially fills the whole predetermined period.

95. (Currently amended) Apparatus according to claim 93 [[94]] where there is a single common frame which substantially fills the whole predetermined period.

96. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 80 comprising data storage means carrying a look up table for use in encoding the data to be sent.

97. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 96 in which the look up table comprises entries in a form where specific data sets which can be transmitted are associated with unique signal arrangements.

98. (Previously presented) Apparatus according to claim 97 in which the look up table is populated in a way such that where X specific data sets are to be represented the X unique signal arrangements are chosen such that each includes the respective minimum possible number of individual signal pulses.

99. (Currently amended) ~~Apparatus according to claim 80 which~~ Downhole data

transmission apparatus using battery energy for transmitting signals carrying data in a regime where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the apparatus being arranged to conserve battery energy and comprising:

a transmitter arranged for transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data, and

a controller for selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal and arranged for representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal,

wherein the apparatus is arranged to send data items from a set of predetermined data items during a predetermined period, and is arranged to use a modulation scheme where a data transmission period is divided into equal length time slots and there is a plurality of unique signal arrangements, each of which arrangements is associated with a respective one of the data items and wherein each unique signal arrangement has an associated pattern of pulses distributed in the time slots and the unique signal arrangements are selected so as to one of control and minimize, across the whole group of associated pulses, the mean number of pulses per associated pattern of pulses, and

wherein the time slots are defined so as to have a length substantially equal to a shortest pulse period that it has been determined can be supported by the transmission channel.

100. (Canceled)

101. (Currently amended) Downhole data transmission apparatus using battery energy for transmitting signals carrying data in a regime where a predetermined set of data is to be transmitted once during a predetermined period, the apparatus being arranged to conserve battery energy and comprising:

a transmitter arranged for transmitting at least one signal during said period to transmit the set of data, and

a controller for selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal and arranged for representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of

said at least one signal.

wherein the apparatus is arranged to send data items from a set of predetermined data items during a predetermined period, and is arranged to use a modulation scheme where a data transmission period is divided into equal length time slots and there is a plurality of unique signal arrangements, each of which arrangements is associated with a respective one of the data items and wherein each unique signal arrangement has an associated pattern of pulses distributed in the time slots and the unique signal arrangements are selected so as to one of control and minimize, across the whole group of associated pulses, the mean number of pulses per associated pattern of pulses, and

~~Apparatus according to claim 99~~ wherein the data transmission period is chosen to occupy substantially the whole of the predetermined period.

102. (Previously presented) A computer readable data carrier carrying a program comprising code portions which when loaded and run on computer means cause the computer means to execute the steps of:

a) obtaining information regarding the data size of a predetermined set of data to be sent over a channel during a predetermined period, which set of data is to be sent using the steps of transmitting at least one signal during said period, selecting the time of transmission of said at least one signal, and representing at least some of the data to be transmitted in terms of the time of transmission of said at least one signal;

b) obtaining information regarding the transmission characteristics of the channel over which the data is to be transmitted; and

c) selecting at least one of:

- 1) the number of signals to send during the predetermined period;
- 2) the duration of each signal;
- 3) the power of each signal; and
- 4) the quantization of the predetermined period,

so as to allow transmission of the required data during the predetermined period whilst minimising the battery energy used.

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103. (Canceled)

104. (Canceled)

105. (Canceled)